## Farmington

### Resources & Assets

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Education</th>
<th>Farmsington Junior High School&lt;br&gt;Canyon Creek, Eagle Bay, Farmsington, &amp; Knowlton Elementary Schools</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Trails</td>
<td>Extensive Trail Network, City Trail Guide Book &amp; Map&lt;br&gt;D &amp; RGW Rail Trail&lt;br&gt;Legacy Parkway Trail&lt;br&gt;Bonneville Shoreline Trail&lt;br&gt;Entrance to U.S. Forest Service</td>
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<tr>
<td>Recreation</td>
<td>Access to Great Salt Lake&lt;br&gt;Farmington Pond&lt;br&gt;Great Salt Lake Bird Refuge&lt;br&gt;City Swimming Pool&lt;br&gt;Lagoon Amusement Park&lt;br&gt;Oakridge Country Club Golf Course&lt;br&gt;Legacy Events Center&lt;br&gt;Youth Theatre Program</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Demographics

- **Number of Persons**: 21,599
- **Percent Increase in Population Since 2010**: 18.2%
- **Percent Under 18**: 35.2%
- **Percent Age 65+**: 7.2%
- **Land Area (Square miles)**: 9.86
- **Population Density (Persons per square mile)**: 1854.2

### Transportation

- **Average Commute to Work (Minutes)**: 25.3
- **UTA Bus Stops**: 71
- **FrontRunner Stops**: 1
- **Park and Rides**: 2

### Trails

- **Paved Trails (Miles)**: 60
- **Bike Lanes (Miles)**: 16.8
- **Hiking Trails (Miles)**: 119
- **Trail Heads**: 36

### Race/Ethnicity

- **White/Non-Hispanic**: 94.1%
- **Hispanic/Latino**: 2.6%
- **Race Other than White**: 3.3%

### Education

- **High School Graduation or Higher (Age 25+)**: 97.8%
- **Bachelors Degree or Higher (Age 25+)**: 47.6%
- **Colleges**: 0
- **High Schools**: 0
- **Junior High Schools**: 1
- **Elementary Schools**: 4

### Income

- **Median Household Income**: $84,935
- **Percent of People Below Poverty Level**: 5.2%
- **Percent of Labor Force Unemployed**: 3.6%

### Housing

- **Home Ownership Rate**: 82.9%
- **Percent of Homeowners With Mortgage**: 82.4%
- **Percent of Housing in Multi-unit Structures**: 10.1%
- **Median Home Value**: $276,000
- **Median Gross Rent**: $843
- **Low Income Housing Units**: 129

### Tobacco & Alcohol Outlets

- **Tobacco Retailers**: 5
- **Smoke/E-cigarette Shops**: 0
- **Alcohol Retailers**: 4
- **Restaurants Certified to Sell Alcohol**: 4
- **Bars/Taverns/Private Clubs**: 1

### Food Environment

- **Fast Food Restaurants**: 20
- **Convenience Stores**: 3
- **Grocery Stores**: 2
- **Produce Stands**: 1
- **Percent of Population with Low Income/Low Food Access**: 7.62%
- **Percent of Households Receiving SNAP Benefits**: 2.75%
**Recommendations**

- **Active Transportation**
  - Communities that prioritize active transportation tend to be healthier by enabling residents to be more physically active in their daily routines and by having cleaner air to breathe.
  - Making walking and bicycling safe and convenient meets a critical need of our community that benefits everyone.
  - Children, (and the elderly), the visually impaired or otherwise physically challenged, those with lower incomes, or those who simply choose to not have access to a car, are among the groups that benefit most when opportunities to safely walk or bicycle are improved.
  - Communities with higher rates of bicycling and walking have lower obesity rates than communities with lower levels of active transportation.
  - People are more likely to consistently ride a bicycle or walk than to maintain a gym-based exercise program.
  - There is safety in numbers. The walking/bicycling crash rate decreases as walking/bicycling rates increase.
  - Active transportation systems foster economic health by creating dynamic, connected communities with a high quality of life that catalyzes small business development, increases property values, sparks tourism and encourages corporate investment that attracts a talented, highly educated workforce.
  - Creating walking and bicycling networks linking home, work, school, shopping, transit and recreation destinations are a fraction of the cost of comparable roads.

*(Information taken from American Public Health Association Active Transportation Fact Sheet, Partnership for Active Transportation, Utah Collaborative Active Transportation Study.)*

**Food Environment**

- **Center for Disease Control and Prevention recommends one full-service grocery store per 10,000 residents.**
- The map of Low Income/Low Food Access areas is taken from the Food Access Research Atlas (FARA) presents a spatial overview of food access indicators for populations using different measures of supermarket accessibility. The FARA is a complement to the USDA’s Food Environment Atlas, which is focused on county-level food related data. The FARA provides census-tract level detail of the food access measures, including food desert census tracts. Estimates in the Food Access Research Atlas draw from various sources, including the 2010 STARS list of supermarkets, the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) Retailer Directory, the 2010 Decennial Census, and the 2000-16 American Community Survey.
- **Information regarding average commute time was retrieved from the US Census, park and ride information from individual city interviews, and number of UTA bus stops from UTA Capital Development personnel.**

**Methods**

**Social and Economic**

- Most information on demographics, race/ethnicity, education, income, housing, transportation is taken directly from 2015 US Census or as an average from 2009-2013 (www.census.gov). The number of low income housing units (Bountiful, Clearfield, Clinton, Farmington, Kaysville, Layton, North Salt Lake, and Woods Cross) comes from the Low Income Housing Tax Credit Program (http://www.huduser.org).  
- Information regarding average commute time was retrieved from the US Census, park and ride information from individual city interviews, and number of UTA bus stops from UTA Capital Development personnel.

**Davis County Health Department**

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Clearfield, UT 84015  
Questions: 801-525-5212  
isadaviscountyutah.gov  
Current: July 2016

**Farmington & Centerville**

**Small Area Health Profile**

**Demographics**

- Number of Persons (2014): 37,720  
  - 33,943  
  - 3,777  
- Persons Living in Poverty (2014): 4.5%  
  - 7.2%  
  - 8.3%

**Health Status**

- Life Expectancy at Birth in Years (2010-2014): 83.2  
  - 81.0  
  - 80.1
- Reported Fair or Poor Health Status (2014): 6.6%  
  - 10.8%  
  - 12.8%
- Reported Poor Mental Health for Seven or More of the Past 30 Days (2012-2014): 14.5%  
  - 15.6%  
  - 14.8%
- Reported Poor Mental Health for Seven or More of the Past 30 Days (2012-2014): 14.3%  
  - 15.0%  
  - 15.5%
- **Healthy Beginnings**
  - **Adolescent Births, aged 15-19, per 1,000 population (2014)**: 4.7  
    - 13.4  
    - 19.4
  - **Infant Mortality per 1,000 Live Births (2010-2014)**: 2.3  
    - 4.8  
    - 5
  - **Low Birth Weight (2012-2014)**: 6.0%  
    - 6.6%  
    - 7.0%
- **Chronic Conditions**
  - **Adult Obesity (2013-2014)**: 20.1%  
    - 26.5%  
    - 28.8%
  - **Adult Overweight or Obese (2013-2014)**: 56.7%  
    - 63.4%  
    - 60.5%
  - **Adult Asthma (2012-2014)**: 5.3%  
    - 8.4%  
    - 8.4%
  - **Asthma-related Emergency Department Visits per 10,000 population (2012-2013)**: 11.2  
    - 16.5  
    - 23.0
  - **Blood Cholesterol: Doctor-Diagnosed Hypercholesterolemia (2013)**: 26.3%  
    - 27.3%  
    - 25.5%
  - **Blood Pressure: Doctor-Diagnosed Hypertension (2013-2014)**: 20.6%  
    - 25.0%  
    - 25.3%
  - **Breast Cancer Incidence per 100,000 women (2010-2012)**: 154.3  
    - 125.2  
    - 114.6
  - **Cancer Death per 100,000 population (2012-2014)**: 124.5  
    - 123.7  
    - 123.3
  - **Colorectal Cancer Incidence per 100,000 population (2011-2014)**: 27.5  
    - 29.4  
    - 31.8
  - **Coronary Heart Disease Deaths per 100,000 population (2012-2014)**: 46.9  
    - 71.8  
    - 68.1
  - **Depression: Adult Prevalence (2012-2014)**: 20.0%  
    - 21.2%  
    - 21.2%
  - **Diabetes Prevalence (2012-2014)**: 9.7%  
    - 9.9%  
    - 7.7%
  - **Hypertension: Adult Prevalence per 100,000 population (2011-2013)**: 54.7  
    - 39.5  
    - 35.6
  - **Population (under age 65) with Any Disability (2010-2013)**: 4.8%  
    - 6.1%  
    - 6.4%
  - **Prostate Cancer Incidence per 100,000 men (2011-2013)**: 118.9  
    - 145.0  
    - 128.0
  - **Stroke Deaths per 100,000 population (2012-2014)**: 20.4  
    - 33.7  
    - 36.1
  - **Tobacco Control**
    - **Activities Limited Due to Physical, Mental, or Emotional Problems (2013-2014)**: 17.4%  
      - 18.0%  
      - 18.6%
    - **Daily Fruit Consumption Adults 18+ (2011-2013)**: 35.6%  
      - 33.8%  
      - 34.2%
    - **Daily Vegetable Consumption Adults 18+ (2011-2013)**: 19.5%  
      - 18.0%  
      - 17.5%
    - **Percent of Adults Reporting Routine Medical Check-up in Past 2013-2014**: 66.3%  
      - 61.0%  
      - 68.8%
    - **Smoking Among Adults (2013-2014)**: 5.7%  
      - 8.7%  
      - 9.5%

**Challenges**

- **Lowest colorectal cancer screening rate in Davis County**
- **Higher incidence of melanoma of the skin than county/state average (highest in Davis County)**

**Notes:** Small area data includes zip codes 84025 and 84040, the cities of Farmington and Centerville